

# CITY OF HASTINGS 2013 WATER QUALITY REPORT

We are pleased to present this year's Consumer Confidence report. This report contains important information regarding the water quality in our water system. The data is from the calendar year 2013, as well as the previous four years (2009–2012).

Our water quality testing shows the following results:

CONTAMINANT	MCL - (MCLG)	Compliance		Date	Violation	Source
		Type	Value & (Range)		Yes/No	
Copper (ppm)	AL=1.3 (1.3)	90th	0.934 (0.342 - 1.080)	2011	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives
Lead (ppb)	AL=15 (0)	90th	1.80 (ND - 4)	2011	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
950 - DISTRIBUTION	SYSTEM					
Chlorine (ppm)	MRDL=4.0 (MRDLG=4.0)	RAA	1.4 (ND - 2.3)	03/31/2013	No	Water additive used to control microbes
01 - WELL#1 AFTR TF	RTMNT @ 11 INDIA	AN		0		
Selenium (ppb)	50 (50)	SGL	6.40	08/06/2012	No	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from mines
Fluoride (ppm)	4 (4)	SGL	0.3	08/06/2012	No	Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Thallium (ppb)	2 (0.5)	SGL	0.80	08/06/2012	No	Leaching from ore-processing sites; Discharge from electronics, glass, and drug factories
Barium (ppm)	2 (2)	SGL	0.154	08/06/2012	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
Sodium (ppm)	N/A (N/A)	SGL	17.9	08/06/2012	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Added to water during treatment process
Nitrate [as N] (ppm)	10 (10)	SGL	9.900 (7.300 - 9.900)	2013	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Atrazine (ppb)	3 (3)	SGL	0.13	05/22/2012	No	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops

Note: Contaminants with dates indicate results from the most recent testing done in accordance with regulations.

#### **DEFINITIONS**

- "ppb" -- "parts per billion."
- "ppm" -- "parts per million."
- "pCi/l" "picocuries per liter"
- ♦ N/A Not applicable

- **ND**—Not Detected
- **♦ RAA** Running Annual Average
- **SGL** − Single Sample Result
- Action Level (AL) The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
- Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
- Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) -- The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
- Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
- Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.



# SOURCE WATER ASSESSMENT INFORMATION

The City of Hastings obtains its water from the West Nishnabotna River sand and gravel of the alluvial. The alluvial aquifer was determined to be highly susceptible to contamination because the characteristics of the aquifer and overlying materials allow contaminants to move through the aquifer fairly quickly. The wells will be most susceptible to activities such as dry cleaners, gas stations, industrial sites, and municipal wastewater dischargers. A detailed evaluation of your source water was completed by the IDNR, and is available from Tim Snyder with PeopleService at 1-877/774-4311 ext 22.

# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water posed a health risk. More information about contaminants or potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

# ADDITIONAL HEALTH INFORMATION:

Nitrate in drinking water at levels above 10 ppm is a health risk for infants of less than six months of age. High nitrate levels in drinking water can cause blue baby syndrome. Nitrate levels may rise quickly for short periods of time because of rainfall or agricultural activity. If you are caring for an infant, you should ask advice from your health care provider.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. City of Hastings is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <a href="http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead">http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead</a>.

### CONTAMINANT VIOLATIONS

None

# CONTACT INFORMATION

For questions regarding this information or a copy of this report, please contact: Tim Snyder with PeopleService at 1-877/774-4311 ext 22 or e-mail tsnyder@peopleservice.com.

Decisions regarding the water system are made at the City Council meetings generally held on 2<sup>nd</sup> Tuesday at 7:00 p.m. at the Hastings City Hall and are open to the public.

Copies of this report are <u>not</u> automatically being mailed out. Individuals may request a copy as stated above.

City of Hastings 2013 Water Quality Report can be found at hhttp://iowaccr.org/Hastings